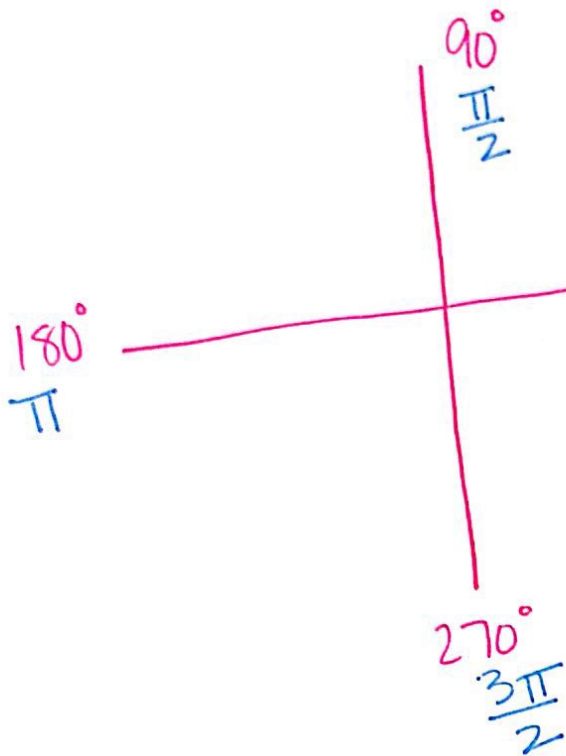


7.3: Relationship Between Degrees & Radians



$$C = 2\pi r$$

unit circle has a radius of 1

$$0, 2\pi$$

$$C = 2 \cdot \pi \cdot 1$$

$$C = 2\pi$$

* A circle is 360° or 2π radians

* conversion factor: $180^\circ = \pi$ radians

• Convert degrees to radians:

Ex 1) 120°

$$\frac{120^\circ}{1} \cdot \left(\frac{\pi}{180^\circ} \right) = \frac{120\pi}{180} = \boxed{\frac{2\pi}{3}}$$

Ex 2) -545°

$$\frac{-545^\circ}{1} \cdot \left(\frac{\pi}{180^\circ} \right) = \frac{-545\pi}{180} = \boxed{\frac{-109\pi}{36}}$$

• convert radians to degrees

$$\text{Ex 3) } \frac{2\pi}{9} \quad \frac{2\cancel{\pi}}{9} \cdot \left(\frac{180^\circ}{\cancel{\pi}} \right) = \frac{360^\circ}{9} = \boxed{40^\circ}$$

$$\text{Ex 4) } \frac{11\pi}{7} \quad \frac{11\cancel{\pi}}{7} \cdot \left(\frac{180^\circ}{\cancel{\pi}} \right) = \frac{1980^\circ}{7} = \boxed{282.86^\circ}$$

R → D

• Sketch Radian Angles in standard position

$$\text{Ex 5) Sketch } \frac{\pi}{3} \quad \frac{\cancel{\pi}}{3} \left(\frac{180^\circ}{\cancel{\pi}} \right) = \frac{180^\circ}{3} = 60^\circ$$

